

New, Young & Foreign Workers in Hospitality Meeting Kit



WHAT'S AT STAKE

In the hospitality industry, accidents are common, and for new, young, and foreign workers, the risks can be even greater. The potential for injury is ever-present, from slips and falls to burns and cuts. However, with proper training and awareness, these risks can be minimized, ensuring the safety and well-being of all workers.

WHAT'S THE DANGER

Inexperienced workers, particularly those who are new, young, or foreign, face various dangers in the hospitality industry due to their unfamiliarity with the environment. They are more susceptible to accidents and injuries, ranging from minor incidents to severe and life-threatening situations. Here's a detailed breakdown of the potential dangers:

- **Language Barriers:** Foreign workers may struggle to communicate effectively with colleagues and supervisors, leading to misunderstandings and confusion, especially in emergencies.
- **Lack of Familiarity with Equipment and Procedures:** New employees, regardless of age or nationality, may not be fully acquainted with the proper operation of kitchen equipment, cleaning tools, or safety protocols, increasing the risk of accidents.
- **Physical Strain:** The demanding nature of hospitality work, including long hours on their feet and lifting heavy objects, can take a toll on the health and well-being of new and young workers who may not be accustomed to such physical exertion.
- **Inadequate Training:** Without comprehensive training on safety procedures, emergency protocols, and proper handling of equipment, new, young, and foreign workers are more likely to make mistakes that could lead to accidents or injuries.
- **Discrimination and xenophobia:** Migrant workers can face discrimination and xenophobia, which not only impacts their well-being but can also impact their safety.
- **Increased Vulnerability to Harassment and Exploitation:** Foreign workers, in particular, may be at risk of exploitation or harassment due to their unfamiliarity with labor laws, cultural differences, or fear of retaliation for speaking out.

HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF

Preventing accidents and protecting oneself in the hospitality industry, especially for new, young, and foreign workers, requires proactive measures and awareness. Here are some key strategies:

Prevention:

- **Comprehensive Training:** Provide thorough training sessions covering safety procedures, emergency protocols, proper equipment usage, and hazard awareness in multiple languages to accommodate foreign workers.
- **Clear Communication:** Establish clear communication channels and provide language support to ensure all workers understand instructions and safety information effectively.
- **Regular Safety Meetings:** Conduct regular safety meetings to reinforce safety protocols, address concerns, and provide opportunities for workers to ask questions and seek clarification.
- **Supervision and Mentorship:** Assign experienced mentors or supervisors to new and young workers to guide them through tasks, answer their questions, and provide support in navigating the workplace.
- **Workplace Ergonomics:** Implement ergonomic practices and provide the necessary equipment to reduce physical strain and minimize the risk of musculoskeletal injuries.
- **Safety Signage:** Display clear and visible safety signage in multiple languages throughout the workplace to remind workers of safety procedures, emergency exits, and potential hazards.

Protection:

- **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):** Ensure that all workers, including new, young, and foreign employees, have access to appropriate PPE such as gloves, non-slip footwear, aprons, and safety goggles to protect themselves from potential hazards.
- **Safe Lifting Techniques:** Train workers on proper lifting techniques to prevent strains and injuries when handling heavy objects or moving equipment.
- **Emergency Preparedness:** Educate workers on emergency procedures, including evacuation routes, first aid protocols, and how to respond to accidents or incidents promptly and effectively.
- **Reporting Procedures:** Establish clear procedures for reporting safety concerns, accidents, or incidents and encourage workers to report any hazards or near misses they encounter.
- **Regular Health Checks:** Undergo regular health checks and seek medical attention for any work-related injuries or health concerns to prevent long-term health issues.

In the unfortunate event of encountering discrimination or xenophobia in the workplace, migrant workers can take several steps to protect themselves and address the situation effectively:

1. **Stay Calm and Composed:** Remain calm and composed when faced with discriminatory behavior or xenophobic remarks. Reacting impulsively may escalate the situation further.
2. **Document the Incident:** Keep a detailed record of the discriminatory or xenophobic incident, including the date, time, location, individuals involved, and specific details of what occurred. Documentation can serve as valuable evidence if further action is needed.
3. **Seek Support:** Reach out to trusted colleagues, supervisors, or HR personnel to report the incident and seek support. Many workplaces have policies and procedures in place to address discrimination and harassment.
4. **File a Formal Complaint:** If informal channels do not resolve the issue or if the

discrimination persists, consider filing a formal complaint with relevant authorities, such as the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) or local human rights organizations.

5. **Self-Care:** Take care of your mental and emotional well-being by practicing self-care strategies, such as mindfulness, exercise, and seeking counseling or therapy if needed. Discrimination and xenophobia can take a toll on mental health, so prioritize self-care during challenging times.

FINAL WORD

Young, and foreign workers in the hospitality industry face a multitude of dangers. Recognizing these risks and implementing comprehensive training programs are essential to ensure the safety and well-being of all workers.