Seven Statistics on Worker Fatigue



Fatigue is defined as being in a state of physical or mental exhaustion, which compromises both workplace safety and a worker's ability to perform efficiently. Here are seven statistics relating to fatigue in the workplace

- 1. There are **three**causes of fatigue: sleep loss, disruption of a person's body clock, and prolonged mental or physical activity.
- 2. Fatigue can reduce a worker's alertness, leading to errors and an increased possibility of injury under these **two**conditions: either when operating equipment or vehicles, or when performing important tasks requiring considerable concentration.
- Sevenlong-term health effects of fatigue include increased risk for heart disease, high blood pressure, gastrointestinal disorders, diabetes, anxiety, depression, and reduced fertility. (Safe Work Australia)
- 4. A University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine study found that fatigued workers had nearly **twice** the risk for injury compared to non-fatigued workers.
- 5. **Five** symptoms indicating that a worker is experiencing fatigue include excessive yawning or falling asleep at work; impaired decision-making ability; short-term memory impairment and reduced concentration; slowed reflexes and reduced handeye coordination; and a noticeable decrease in one's ability to communicate clearly.
- 6. **One** major cause of fatigue is a work schedule that limits the amount of rest time a worker has before starting the next shift, because of issues such as overtime on the previous shift.
- 7. Three things supervisors can do to reduce fatigue among their workers are: allowing workers to vary their work tasks to avoid monotony; allowing workers to take short power-nap breaks, especially on the night shift; and encouraging workers to manage their fatigue risk factors. Risk factors include cutting sleep time short to complete tasks or to read, use a computer or watch TV, and consuming excessive nicotine, alcohol or caffeine, especially in the hours close to bedtime.

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