# Winter Weather Driving — Landscaping Meeting Kit



# WHAT'S AT STAKE

Whether transporting equipment, traveling between job sites, or responding to emergency calls, winter driving requires extra caution and preparation. Accidents on icy or snow-covered roads can lead to serious injuries.

# WHAT'S THE DANGER

The dangers associated with winter driving in landscaping are significant and varied.

# Specific Risks:

# 1. Slippery Roads:

- Ice and Black Ice: Ice and black ice (a thin, transparent layer of ice that is difficult to see) can make roads extremely slippery, leading to loss of control, skidding, and accidents.
- Snow-Covered Roads: Snow can reduce traction and make it difficult to stop or steer.

#### 1. Reduced Visibility:

- Blizzards and Snowstorms: Heavy snowfall and blizzards can drastically reduce visibility.
- Fog and Frost: Cold temperatures cause fog and frost to form on windshields impairing visibility.

#### 1. Cold Weather Hazards:

- Mechanical Failures: Cold weather can cause mechanical issues, such as battery failure, frozen fuel lines, or tire pressure drops, which can lead to breakdowns or accidents.
- **Driver Fatigue:** Long hours on the road in challenging conditions can lead to driver fatigue.

#### 1. Hazardous Road Conditions:

- **Snowdrifts**: Accumulated snow on the sides of roads can form snowdrifts, which can block lanes, hide obstacles, or cause vehicles to become stuck.
- **Potholes and Debris:** Snow and ice can conceal potholes, debris, or other road hazards.

# **HOW TO PROTECT YOURSELF**

How to protect yourself and others when driving in winter conditions:

#### Before You Drive

## 1. Vehicle Preparation

- Winterize Your Vehicle: Ensure your vehicle is prepared for winter by checking the battery, antifreeze levels, brakes, and tire pressure. Use winter tires that provide better traction.
- Windshield and Lights: Make sure your windshield wipers are in good condition and that you have plenty of windshield washer fluid rated for cold temperatures. Clean your headlights and, taillights.

#### 1. Plan Your Route

- Check the Weather: Before setting out, check the weather forecast and road conditions.
- **Know Your Route:** Plan your route in advance, taking into account the safest roads. Avoid routes with steep inclines or sharp turns that may be more dangerous in icy conditions.

## 1. Emergency Preparedness

- Emergency Kit: Keep an emergency kit in your vehicle that has blankets, a flashlight, a first-aid kit, a shovel, ice scraper, extra windshield washer fluid, and non-perishable snacks.
- Cell Phone and Charger: Ensure your cell phone is fully charged before leaving.

#### While You Drive

## 1. Adjust Your Speed:

- Slow Down: Reduce your speed to match road conditions.
- Increase Following Distance: Increase the distance between your vehicle and the car in front.

## 1. Driving Techniques

- Steer and Brake Gently: Avoid sudden movements when steering or braking, as these can cause your vehicle to skid. Apply brakes gently and steer smoothly to maintain control.
- Use Low Beams in Fog: If you encounter fog, use your low-beam headlights.
- Avoid Cruise Control: Do not use cruise control in snowy or icy conditions.

#### 1. Stay Focused and Alert

- **Stay Alert:** Pay close attention to the road, other drivers, and changing weather conditions.
- Watch for Black Ice: Be especially cautious on bridges, overpasses, and shaded areas where black ice is more likely to form.

#### If You Get Stuck or Encounter an Emergency

# 1. Remain Calm and Stay with Your Vehicle

- Stay with Your Vehicle: If you get stuck in snow, it's usually safer to stay with your vehicle.
- **Signal for Help:** Use your hazard lights or place a brightly colored cloth on your antenna or door handle to signal for help.

## 1. Freeing Your Vehicle

• Clear Snow from Around Tires: Use a shovel to clear snow from around your tires.

• **Use Sand or Kitty Litter:** Spread sand or kitty litter in front of your tires to help gain traction on ice.

# **Training and Awareness**

- 1. Winter Driving Training and Refresher Courses
  - **Driver Training:** Employers should provide training for workers who drive in winter conditions and conduct refresher courses at the start of each winter season.
- 1. Promote a Safety Culture
  - Encourage Safe Practices: Encourage all workers to prioritize safety over speed.
  - Lead by Example: Supervisors and experienced drivers should model safe winter driving practices.

# FINAL WORD

By taking the time to winterize your vehicle, adjusting your driving habits, and staying prepared for emergencies, you can protect yourself and others on the road.